



GEOGRAPHY

Geography is challenging, motivating, topical and fun. In our diverse society children need, more than ever before, to understand other people and cultures. Geography makes a major contribution to children's physical, intellectual, social and emotional development,

Aspects of Geography:

Fieldwork and enquiry

Practical enquiries and investigations provide children with first-hand information and direct experience of the real world.

Knowing the locality

Studying the locality helps children to develop their sense of identity and self-esteem.

Maps and plans

Geography helps children to locate themselves in their surroundings and find their way from one place to another.

Photographs, charts and diagrams

Geographers use a great variety of visual devices to communicate findings in non-verbal ways.

Investigating issues

Some of the best work in geography comes when children debate issues, appreciate uncertainties and propose solutions to problems.

ICT

Interactive whiteboards, digital cameras and the internet allow children to record and interpret the world in new ways.

Cycles, patterns and processes

Geographical concepts such as cycles, patterns, processes and interaction provide a unique way of describing and analysing the world.

Sustainability and the environment

Sustainable development and the care of the environment are key issues for the twenty-first century and form an important part of the geography curriculum.

Respecting diversity

Geographical studies tackle mediated images which can, for example, produce negative stereotypes of other people and places

Global citizenship

Geography recognises that we are all interdependent global citizens with a responsibility to the planet and to each other.

Considering the future

Geography helps children to develop attitudes and form opinions about current issues, appreciate tensions and uncertainties and consider the future of the world and its peoples.